



XO1490TA Exocet Cooker

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 **Product identifier Product name:** XO1490TA Exocet Cooker Trade name(s): Exocet Cooker Additive (XO1490TA) **Product description:** Liquid fuel additive. CAS No.: Not Applicable. EC No.: Not Applicable. Index NO.: Not Applicable. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2 Identified use(s): Liquid fuel additive. Uses advised against: Follow supplier's recommendations on correct use of the product. 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Manufacturer/Supplier: Fuel Additive Science Technologies Limited Unit 24, Atcham Business Park, Upton Magna, Shrewsbury, Shropshire, SY4 4UG **Telephone:** +44 (0)1743 761 415 E-mail: info@fastexocet.co.uk 1.4 **Emergency telephone number** In case of emergency, call: +44 (0) 333 333 9962 (UK, 24/7, English)

SECTION 2: Hazard Identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318





Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3: H336 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

2.2 Label elements

2.2.1. Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard pictogram(s):



Signal Word:	Danger
Hazard Statement(s):	 H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H318: Causes serious eye damage H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness H351: Suspected of causing cancer H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statement(s):	 P261 Avoid breathing vapours P280: Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. P301 + P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P331: Do NOT induce vomiting. P405: Store locked up. P501: Dispose of contents/container: disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation.
Supplemental Hazard information (EU):	None.

2.3 Other hazards

None.





SECTION 3: Composition

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical name	% w/w	CAS No.	EC No.	Index No.	Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP))
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	50-60	-	918-811-10	-	STOT SE 3 - H336; Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411
Reaction mass of 2,6- di-tert-butylphenol and 2,4,6-tri-tertbutylphenol.	20-30	-	907-745-9	-	Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, >1% naphthalene	1020	64742-94-5	919-284-0	-	Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Hydrocarbons, C10-13, aromatics, >1% naphthalene	<5	64742-94-5	926-273-4	-	Carc. 2, H351 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Hydrocarbons, C11- C14, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	<5	64742-47-8	926-141-6	-	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

See Section 16 for full description of H statements.

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

INHALATION:	Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If symptoms persist, obtain medical attention.
SKIN CONTACT:	Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Rinse affected area with copious amounts of water. Then wash area with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. If symptoms persist, obtain medical attention. Discard of or wash thoroughly contaminated clothing.
EYE CONTACT:	Obtain medical attention immediately. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Wash eyes immediately with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes.
INGESTION:	Obtain immediate medical attention. Provided the patient is conscious wash mouth out with water and provide patient with 200-300 ml of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:



According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Skin contact causes irritation, redness and pain. Eye contact causes burns, watering, redness and pain. Inhalation of high concentrations of vapour may cause irritation to the respiratory tract. Ingestion may cause irritation to mouth, throat and digestive tract. If swallowed, aspiration into lungs may result in chemical pneumonia.

Suspected of causing cancer.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatments needed:

In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. If in contact with eyes, wash eyes immediately and seek immediate medical attention. If swallowed, patient should be monitored for signs of breathing difficulty as effects of aspiration may be delayed for up to 48 hours. If breathing is laboured, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing Media

Suitable extinguishing media:	Foam, CO2 or dry powder. For large fires, use water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible liquid and vapour: Vapour may form explosive mixture with air.

Combustion may liberate toxic fumes: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, various hydrocarbons.

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

A self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing should be worn in fire conditions. Keep fire exposed containers cool by spraying with water. Do not allow product to enter drains, sewers or watercourses.

Flash point: 65°C (closed cup).

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel

Eliminate sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing fumes/vapour. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear suitable personal protective equipment. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. (See section 8).

6.1.2 For emergency responders





According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear suitable protective clothing (See Section 8). Contaminated clothing should be thoroughly cleaned.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Collect spillage. Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be alerted to the Environment Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and clearing up

6.3.1 For containment

Stop the leak if it is safe to do so. Contain the spillage with sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material.

6.3.2 For cleaning up

Use sand, earth or any suitable non-combustible adsorbent material to adsorb spillages. Using non-sparking tools transfer the contaminated absorbent material into a container for disposal. The containers used should be plastic-lined sealable drums. Containers should be sealed before being disposed of via an authorised waste disposal contractor.

6.3.3 Other advice

None.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for waste disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Provide adequate ventilation, including local extraction, to ensure occupational exposure limits are not exceeded. Avoid breathing fumes/vapour. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear suitable personal protective equipment (See Section 8).

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated clothing should be thoroughly cleaned or disposed of as hazardous waste.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep from direct sunlight. Store locked up. Store only in the original container. Store in a cool, well ventilated place. Maximum handling temperature: 50°C Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.





Keep away from oxidising agents.

7.3 Specific end uses(s)

Liquid fuel additive.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limits

Substance	Exposure	CAS No.	RCP- TWA		STEL (15 min)		Comments
Substance	Limit Type		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	Comments
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Supplier WEL*	-	-	1,200	-	-	-

WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit – UK National Exposure limit - EH40/2005 2nd Ed. (2011), HSE

ILV: Indicative Limit Value – European Community limit, 91/322/EEC

IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value - European Community limit - 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU * EU HSPA (Hydrocarbon Solvents Producers Association)(RCP Aromatic Solvents 180 – 215)

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation, including local extraction, to ensure that occupational exposure limits are not exceeded.

8.2.2 Personal protection

Eye protection:	Goggles or safety glasses with side shields giving complete protection to eyes. (EN 166)			
Skin protection:				
Hand protection:	Chemical resistant gloves (EN 374).			
Other:	Long sleeve protective clothing. Plastic apron. Rubber boots.			
Respiratory protection:	In the case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. (BS EN 14387:2004+A1).			
Thermal hazards:	Wear suitable temperature resistant gloves and protective clothing if the product is heated.			

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

Inform environmental manager of all incidents involving this product.

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance:	Amber liquid.
Odour:	Aromatic.
Odour threshold:	Not available.
pH:	Not applicable.
Melting/freezing point:	185-215°C
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not available.
Flash point:	65°C (Closed cup)
Evaporation rate:	Not available.
Flammability (solid; gas):	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	0.7%-6% (v/v)
Vapour pressure:	Not available.
Vapour density:	Not available.
Relative density:	0.895 (15°C) (Water =1)
Solubility(ies):	Immiscible in water. Miscible in aromatic solvents.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature:	~415°C
Decomposition temperature:	Not available.
Viscosity:	1.55cSt (20°C).
Explosive properties:	Not explosive. Vapours may form explosive mixture in air.
Oxidising properties:	Not oxidising.

9.2 Other information None.

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1	Reactivity	Reacts with oxidising agents.
10.2	Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3 10.4	Possibility of hazardous reactions Conditions to avoid	No hazardous reactions expected during normal use. Keep away from sources of ignition, hot surfaces, direct sunlight. Contact with incompatible materials.





10.5	Incompatible materials	Oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products Combustion may liberate toxic fumes: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, various hydrocarbons.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

	Acute toxicity	May cause discomfort if swallowed.
		No data available on mixture.
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
	Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye damage.
	Skin sensitisation	No evidence of skin sensitisation.
	Respiratory sensitisation	No evidence of respiratory sensitisation.
	Germ cell mutagenicity	No evidence of mutagenicity.
	Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.
	Reproductive toxicity	No evidence of reproductive toxicity.
	Specific Target Organ Toxicity – single exposure	Inhalation of high concentrations of vapour may cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
	Specific Target Organ Toxicity – repeated exposure	Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Risk of aspiration into lungs resulting in chemical pneumonia.
Inform	ation on likely routes of exposure	
	Inhalation	Inhalation of high concentrations of vapour may cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
	Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
	Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
	Ingestion	Ingestion may cause irritation to mouth, throat and digestive tract. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Risk of aspiration into lungs resulting in chemical pneumonia.





	oms related to the physical, chemical xicological characteristics	Skin contact causes irritation, redness and pain. Eye contact causes burns, watering, redness and pain. Inhalation of high concentrations of vapour may cause irritation to the respiratory tract. Ingestion may cause irritation to mouth, throat and digestive tract. If swallowed, aspiration into lungs may result in chemical pneumonia.
Mixtur	e versus substance information	No data available.
Other i	information	None.
SEC	TION 12: Ecological Informa	ition
12.1	Toxicity	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. LC50 (Fish): 1 – 10 mg/l, 96 h EC50 (Daphnia): 1 – 10 mg/l, 48 h
12.2	Persistence and degradability	No data available.
12.3	Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
12.4	Mobility in soil	No data available.
12.5	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	The product does not contain substances assessed to be PBT or vPvB.
12.6	Other adverse effects	None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

To be disposed of as hazardous waste. Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation.

Contaminated adsorbent must be removed in sealed, plastic lined drums and disposed of via an authorised waste disposal contractor. Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

ADR

14.1	UN Number	3082
14.2	UN Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol)
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4	Packing group	III

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)



14.5	Environmental hazards	Yes	
14.6	Special precautions for the user	Read SDS and supplier instructions on correct use of	
ADN		the product.	
		2002	
14.1	UN Number	3082	
14.2	UN Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol)	
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	9	
14.4	Packing group	III	
14.5	Environmental hazards	Yes	
14.6	Special precautions for the user	Read SDS and supplier instructions on correct use of the product.	
RID			
14.1	UN Number	3082	
14.2	UN Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol)	
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	9	
14.4	Packing group	111	
14.5	Environmental hazards	Yes	
14.6	Special precautions for the user	Read SDS and supplier instructions on correct use of the product.	
ΙΑΤΑ/ΙCΑΟ			
-		3082	
14.1	UN Number	3082	
14.2	UN Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol)	
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	9	
14.4	Packing group	III	
14.5	Environmental hazards	Yes	
14.6	Special precautions for the user	Read SDS and supplier instructions on correct use of the product.	
IMDG	i		
14.1	UN Number	3082	
14.2	UN Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains 2,6-di-tert-butylphenol)	
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	9	
14.4	Packing group	III	
14.5	Environmental hazards	Marine pollutant.	
14.6	Special precautions for the user	Read SDS and supplier instructions on correct use of	



According to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

the product.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code

Transport in bulk according to Annex The product is not intended to be transported in bulk.

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture This Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with EC Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended. The product has been classified in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP), Directive 67/548/EEC & Directive 1999/45/EC.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Not applicable.

SECTION 16: Other Information

Full text of relevant H-statements:

Hazard Statement(s):

- H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H318: Causes serious eye damage
- H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- H351: Suspected of causing cancer
- H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Abbreviations:

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service;
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.
vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

References:

Supplier's Safety Data Sheets for ingredients ECHA REACH dossiers Approved Classification and Labelling Guide Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the council.

Disclaimer:

THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HEREIN IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE, BUT IS NOT WARRANTED TO BE, WHETHER ORIGINATING WITH THE COMPANY OR NOT. RECIPIENTS ARE ADVISED TO CONFIRM, IN ADVANCE OF NEED, THAT THE INFORMATION IS CURRENT, APPLICABLE, AND SUITABLE TO THEIR CIRCUMSTANCES.





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